An Update on Highlands Ranch's ASR Operations

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Highlands Ranch's Location





Background on Highlands Ranch

- First home built in 1981
- Current population 105,000; 98% built out
- Conjunctive use system of surface water and non-tributary groundwater
- Use groundwater from Denver, Arapahoe and LFH aquifers
- Total wells drilled: 51; currently available wells: 35
- History of water use: 87% surface / 13% groundwater
- Annual water demand: 18,000 AF/yr



Deep Groundwater Resources

CWSD is located on the Western edge of the aquifers





When is nontributary groundwater used?

- The goal is to maximize the use of surface water.
- Groundwater is used when:
 - Surface water is not available (ex: during droughts)
 - The surface water treatment plant (WTP) has insufficient capacity to meet demands.
 - When the WTP is under construction
 - For periodic maintenance of the wells



History of ASR use at Highlands Ranch

- Conducted a one year study of ASR in 1992
- From 1993 to 2023, have injected 15,357 AF using 25 different wells, as follows:
 - Arapahoe: 10,592 AF using 11 wells
 - Denver: 2,130 AF using 4 wells
 - LFH: 2,635 AF using 10 wells
- In 2023 injected 361 AF over 3 months using 5 Arapahoe wells, 7 LFH wells and one Denver well



Timing of ASR use at Highlands Ranch

















Groundwater longevity challenge

- Water level sensors operating in all wells for 20 or more years
- Static water levels in Arapahoe average 30% into formation; some are 50% into the formation
- Decreed "paper" groundwater: 18,254 AF/yr; Actually available groundwater: 8,000 AF/yr
- Pumping rates on average have declined 50%
- 10 wells now unusable
- Trends show production declines sooner than expected



There is heavy GW use by our neighbors; CWSD use is 20% of total





Can ASR improve the groundwater longevity problem? (Answer: it's unclear)

- ASR is proven to be physically feasible.
- The problem is having <u>excess surface water</u> to inject.
- When have surface water available:
 - First, provide only surface water to customers
 - Second, fill as soon as possible all surface reservoirs
 - Third, then can consider injecting water into aquifers
- Problem: current groundwater entities have limited surface water assets, and infrequently have excess surface water.



Thank you for your attention; Are there any questions?



