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Security of Stored Water

Water, Hydraulic Head, and Water Quality

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60 40 20 0 -20 -40 -60 --80 4.38 4.378 4.376 5.08 $\times 10^{6}$ 4.374 5.06 4.372 5.04 5.02 4 37

Tom Sale

Emeritus Faculty Colorado State University

2024 Subsurface Water Storage Symposium CSU Spur Campus, Denver Colorado February 22nd, 2024

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SSWS Lots of "Ways" – Security depends on ...



Isolated Alluvial Storage

Volume_{in} v.Volume_{out} Timing





Consumptive Use Hydrogeology

What is Glover solution?

The Glover-Balmer Solution was developed in 1954 by Robert Ellsworth Glover and Glenn G. Balmer. This analytical solution for estimating impacts to streamflow from the pumping or recharge of alluvial aquifer systems is often simply referred to as the Glover Equation.



Where did it go - ASR

(Aquifer Storage and Recovery)



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Particle Tracking

MDPI

Think trampoline

🌢 water

Article

Analytical Modeling of Particle Tracking for Dynamic Pumping Conditions

Yuan Gao ^{1,*}) and Thomas Sale ²

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27. Lewis, R.A.; Ronayne, M.J.; Sale, T.C. Estimating aquifer properties using derivative analysis of water level time series from active well fields. *Groundwater* **2015**, *54*, 414–424. [CrossRef] [PubMed]

24. Davis, J.A. Coupled Analytical Modeling of Water Level Dynamics and Energy Use for Operational Well Fields in the Denver Basin Aquifers. Master's Thesis, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, CO, USA, 2013.





Dynamic gradient in the x and y directions from superposition of the Theis Solution in time

$$h(x, y, t)_{i} = A_{i}x + B_{i}y + C - \sum_{j=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{m} s(x, y, t)_{ij}$$

$$\Delta x_i = \frac{-T}{b\varphi} A_i \Delta t_i$$
, and $\Delta y_i = \frac{-T}{b\varphi} B_i \Delta t_i$









6000 Days (16 years)





"... result show that even under continuous pumping and injection, groundwater will not flow far from the well"



If OUT >> than IN...Like working at the bottom of a pit



- • • •
- • • •
- • • •

~6 miles by 6 miles



ASR Wellfield Water Levels

Original work: 2018

Credits:

Dr. Mike Ronayne and Dr. Ali Abdulaziz Tom Sale, Prof., Colorado State University Produced by:

Emma Schmit 2022



- • • •
- • •
 - • Stored Water
 - Energy
 - Operational Issues

 Sustaining flows
 Protecting well screens
 (openings)



Figure 2. Example data for a municipal well in the Denver Basin. The wellhead elevation is 1,920 meters above mean sea level (m amsl), indicating water depths ranging from 230 to 420 m below ground surface. Measured water levels are shown as open circles; pumping rates are shown as grey bars.



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Stored Water

Herein, the analytical model of Lewis et al. (2016) was applied to <u>three vertically stacked ASR wellfields using 15 years of</u> <u>pumping/recharge data from 40 wells</u>. During the study period, <u>45 million m³ of groundwater is produced and</u> <u>11 million m³ is recharged, leading to a net withdrawal of 34 million m³ of groundwater</u>



Analysis of Water Level Time Series from Active Well Fields by Alan R. Lewis^{1,2}, Michael J. Ronayne³, and Thomas C. Sale⁴



Stored Water

Results indicate that during recovery and no-flow periods, recharge has increased water levels at wells up to 60 m compared to the no-recharge scenario. On average, the recharge increased water levels during the study period by 3, 4, and 11 m for wells in the Denver, Arapahoe, and Laramie Fox-Hills Aquifers, respectively

 Denver Basin Aquifers, recharge also enables groundwater extraction in excess of allowable annual allocations during periods of high demand including drought.

Head and Energy

ation

elev nsl)

level (m am

0 Š

1500

1/1/2010

1/1/2011

Figure 2. Example data for a municipal well in the Denver Basin. The wellhead elevation is 1,920 meters above mean sea level (m amsl), indicating water depths ranging from 230 to 420 m below ground surface. Measured water levels are shown as open circles; pumping rates are shown as grey bars.

1/1/2012

1/1/2013

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1/1/2014

12

Energy Intensity

Figure 3. (a) Arapahoe Aquifer potentiometric surface map and (b) estimated energy intensity for groundwater pumping in the Arapahoe Aquifer. Circles represent active municipal wells. ...the energy cost associated with lifting water is 5.4 kWh day⁻¹ per household, approximately 25% of the average electricity consumption for household end uses.

Aquifers work better when they are full

- Sustaining flows
- Protecting well screens (openings)

Water Quality

- It all depends...
- Lots of operational solutions

Summary - Security of Stored Water

• ASR

- Easy to hard
- Operational Solution for ...
- Isolated Alluvial
 - Mostly easy
 - Needs to be demonstrated
- Return Flows
 - Complicated
 - Defined Process
 - WORKS

In all fairness... Security of Subsurface v. Surface Water

Not to mention water quality ... Evapo-Concentration of salts

Closing and Comments

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Powell's Retirement

"The redemption of the Arid Region involves engineering problems requiring for their solution the greatest skill."

REPORT ---LANDS OF THE ARID REGION ----UNITED STATES. ----ENEMEMBED STATES.

J. W. POWELL

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A synergistic complement

